

SIDDHARTH GROUP OF INSTITUTIONS:: PUTTUR

Siddharth Nagar, Narayanavanam Road – 517583

QUESTION BANK (DESCRIPTIVE)

Subject with Code : ADSP (16EE7511) **Course & Branch**: MTECH-CS

Regulation: R16 Year & Sem: IYEAR & II-Sem

<u>UNIT-I</u>	
1.(a) With suitable examples the classify the Discrete time signals.(b) With neat block diagram explain analog to digital converter.	[5M] [5M]
 2.(a) Find fourier transform of the signal X(t)= e^{-at} U(t). (b) With neat diagrams explain about sample and hold circuits. 	[5M] [5M]
3. (a) What are the applications of fourier transform.(b) How can you justify stability of a system with respect to BIBO'.	[5M] [5M]
4. Broadly explain the properties of discrete fourier transform.	[10M]
5. Find DFT of the sequence $x(n)=\{1,2,3,4,4,3,2,1\}$ by using decimation in time FFT algorithm.	[10M]
6. Find IDFT of the sequence X(k)={ 7, -0.7071 -j 0.7071, -j, 0.7071-j0.7071, 1, 0.7071+j0.7071 -0.7071+j0.707} by using decimation in frequency FFT algorithm.	, j, [10M]
7. Find DFT of the sequence $x(n) = \{1,1,1,1,1,1,1,0\}$ by using decimation in frequency FFT algorithms.	rithm.
	[10M]
8. Find IDFT of the sequence by using decimation in time FFT algorithm. $ X(k) = \{20, -5.282 - j2.414, 0, -0.172 - j0.414, 0, -0.172 + j0.414, 0, -5.828 + j2.414\} $	[10M]
9. Compute IDFT of the following sequence, using traditional computation method $x(n) = \{ 7,-0.707-j0.707,-j,0.707-j0.707,1,0.707+j0.707,j,-0.707+j0.707 \}$	[10M]
10. Compute DFT of the sequence $x(n) = \{1,2,3,4,4,3,2,1\}$ Using traditional computation method	[10M]



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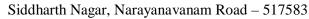
Year & Sem: IYEAR & II-Sem **Regulation: R16**

<u>UNIT-II</u>	
1.(a) Find convolution of $x(n) = \{1,2,2,3,1\}$ and $h(n) = \{1,2,3\}$	[5M]
(b) Explain the relation between Z-plane and S-plane.	[5M]
2. (a) what is transfer function and explain its importance while analyzing system stability	y. [5M]
(b) Explain any six properties of Z-transform.3. (a) Explain the properties of Linear convolution.	[5M] [5M]
(b). what are the different methods available to compute inverse Z-transform.	[5M]
4.(a) Determine the response of a system whose impulse response h(n) is {1 -1 2 3 -2} for	a input
sequence $x(n) = \{2 - 1 \ 4 \ 2\}.$	[5M]
(b). Find the ROC of the sequence $x(n)=a^nU(n)-b^nU(-n-1)$.	[5M]
5. Consider the following Sequence	
i) $X_1(n) = (0.4)^n U(n)$ ii) $X_2(n) = (-0.6)^n U(n)$	
iii) $X_3(n)=(0.3)^nU(n-4)$ iv) $X_4(n)=(-0.3)^nU(-n-2)$	
(a) Determine the ROCs of the Z-Transform of each of the above sequence	[5M]
(b). From the ROCs determined in part (a), Determine the ROC of following sequence	[5M]
i) $Y_1(n) = X_1(n) + X_2(n)$ ii) $Y_2(n) = X_1(n) + X_3(n)$	
iii) $Y_3(n) = X_2(n) + X_4(n)$ iv) $Y_4(n) = X_3(n) + X_4(n)$	
6. Show that the following sequences have same Z-Transform and different ROCs	[[[]] []
i) $X_1(n) = -6(0.3)^n U(n) - 6(0.5)^n U(-n-1)$	[5M]
ii) $X_2(n) = -6((0.3)^n - (0.5)^n)U(-n-1)$	[5M]
7. Let $X(z)$ denotes the Z-Transform of $X(n) = (0.4)^n U(n)$	
(a) Determine the inverse Z-Transform of $X(z^2)$ without computing $X(z)$.	[5M]
(a) Determine the inverse Z-Transform of $X(z)$ without computing $X(z)$. (b) Determine the inverse Z-Transform of $(1+z^{-1})$ $X(z^2)$ without computing $X(z)$.	[5M]
(b) Determine the inverse Z -Transform of $(1+Z)/X(Z)$ without computing $X(Z)$.	[311]
8. Determine the inverse Z-transform of following	[10M]
	. ,

i)
$$Y_1(z) = \frac{z(z-1)}{(z+1)(z+\frac{1}{3})} |z| > 1$$
 ii) $Y_2(z) = \frac{4-3z^{-1}+3z^{-2}}{(z+2)(z-3)^2} |z| > 3$

- 9. (a) Explain the properties of ROC [5M]
 - (b) Find convolution of $x(n) = \{2, -5, 3, 2-1\}$ and $h(n) = \{-1, 4, -3, 2\}$ [5M]
- 10. Determine the response of a system whose impulse response h(n) is $\{2,-1,7,3,-5,2\}$ for a input Sequence $x(n) = \{3, -2, 1, 4, 5\}.$ [10M]

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IINIT_III

[5M]
[5M]
[5M] [5M]
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[5M] [5M]
[5M] [5M] [10M]
[10M]



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UNIT -IV

- 1. Draw the magnitude spectrum, phase spectrum of the following windows and also write their time domine representation [10M]
 - a) Hamming window b) Triangular window c) Blackman window
- 2. Design an ideal highpass filter with a frequency response as shown in bellow

$$H_d(W) = 1$$
 where $\{ \pi/4 \le W \le \pi \text{ and } -\pi \le W \le -\pi/4 \}$
 $H_d(W) = 0$ {otherwise}

find the values of h(n) for N=11, and also find H(z), plot magnitude and phase response using Rectangular window. [10M]

- 3. Design an analog Butterworth filter that has a -2db pass band attenuation at a frequency of 20rad/sec and at least -10dB stop band attenuation at 30 rad/sec (assume $\Omega c = 21.3868 \text{ rad/sec}$) [10M]
- 4. (a) What are the effects of windowing?

[5M]

(b) Discuss about characteristics linear phase FIR filters.

[5M]

- 5. Give the expression for rectangular window function. Find its frequency response and also sketch its spectrum. Also discuss its features. [10M]
- 6. Convert the following analog filter transfer function using backward difference method, Impulse invariant method and Bilinear Transformation method. H(s)=1/(s+0.2) Consider T= 1 Sec [10M]
- 7. Write a MATLAB program with expected outputs to design the following [10M] i) IIR low pass filter ii) IIR high pass filters
- 8. Write a MATLAB program with expected outputs to design FIR filters using

[10M]

- ii) Hanning Window i) Rectangular Window
- 9.(a) What are the Preliminary conditions to be consider for designing IIR filters [5M]
 - (b) Compare FIR and IIR Filters [5M]
- 9. (a)Discuss about quantization process and explain quantization of fixed-point numbers. [5M]
- (b). Write a short note on dynamic range scaling [5M]
- 10. (a) Explain the design procedure of Chebyshev approximation [5M]
 - (b). Explain the design procedure of Butterworth approximation

[5M]



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<u>UNIT –V</u>

(b) Explain zero input and overflow limit cycle oscillations with respect to finite word length effects. [5M] 2. (a) Justify 'sampling after reconstruction' By using suitable equations. [5M] (b) With an example explain about Interpolator. [5M] 3. (a) How do you Quantize Fixed point numbers [5M]		
(b) With an example explain about Interpolator. [5M] 3. (a) How do you Quantize Fixed point numbers [5M]		
3. (a) How do you Quantize Fixed point numbers [5M]		
(b) What is aliasing? What is the need for anti- aliasing filter prior to down sampling. [5M]		
4. (a) Consider a second order digital filter structure and find its model for product round-off error		
analysis with an example. [5M]		
(b) Discuss about round-off errors in FFT algorithm. [5M]		
5. (a) Illustrate the process of quantization of fixed point and floating point numbers in the analysis of		
finite word length effects. [5M]		
(b) Explain the effect of input scaling on signal to noise ratio (SNR). [5M]		
6. (a) What are the errors that effect using feedback? [5M]		
(b) Write the limits of IIR digital filters. [5M]		
7. (a) Discuss about fast DFT algorithm based on index mapping. [5M]		
(b) Write a short note on narrow frequency band of DFT. [5M]		
8. (a) Explain about multistage implementation of sampling rate conversion.(b) Explain about sampling rate conversion by a rational factor I/D.		
9. (a) Explain clearly type-1 and type-2 Polyphase Decomposition [5M]		
(b). Explain clearly about Nyquist filters. [5M]		
10. (a) Discuss the need for signal compression. [5M]		
(b) Explain the concept of dual tone multi frequency signal detection. [5M]		

Prepared by: **G.TIRUMALA VASU**